

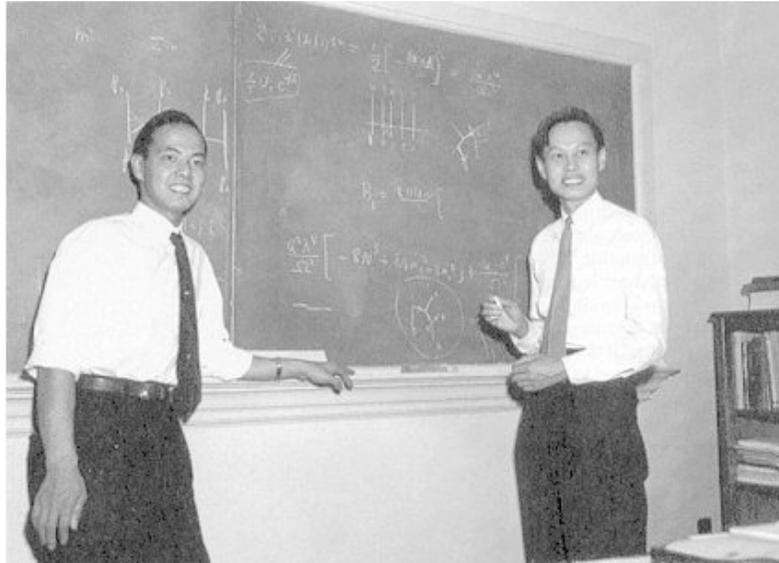
$\beta - \nu$ angular correlation measurement in the decay of ^8Li

The 49th Winter Nuclear and Particle Physics Conference

Mont Tremblant , Quebec February 23-26, 2012

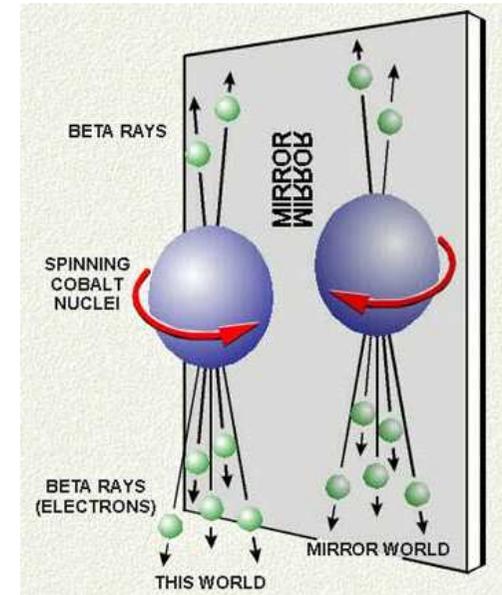
Gang Li
McGill University

Symmetry breaking



T. D. Lee

C. N. Yang



1956, First symmetry broken



Chien-Shiung Wu



Beta decay in Standard model

Decay rate: $dW = dW_o \mathcal{E} \left[1 + \frac{\vec{p}_e \cdot \vec{p}_\nu}{E_e E_\nu} a + \frac{m_e}{E_e} b + \frac{\vec{I}}{I} \cdot \left(\frac{\vec{p}_e}{E_e} A + \frac{\vec{p}_\nu}{E_\nu} B + \frac{\vec{p}_e \times \vec{p}_\nu}{E_e E_\nu} D \right) + \dots \right]$

a : $\beta - \nu$ correlation

b : Fierz interference term

.....

$$a = |M_F|^2 \left[-|C_S|^2 + |C_V|^2 - |C'_S|^2 + |C'_V|^2 \mp 2 \frac{\alpha Z m}{p_e} m I (C_S C_V^* + C'_S C'_V{}^*) \right] + \frac{|M_{GT}|^2}{3} \left[|C_T|^2 - |C_A|^2 + |C'_T|^2 - |C'_A|^2 \pm 2 \frac{\alpha Z m}{p_e} m I (C_T C_A^* + C'_T C'_A{}^*) \right]$$

pure Fermi transition:

pure Gamow-Teller transition

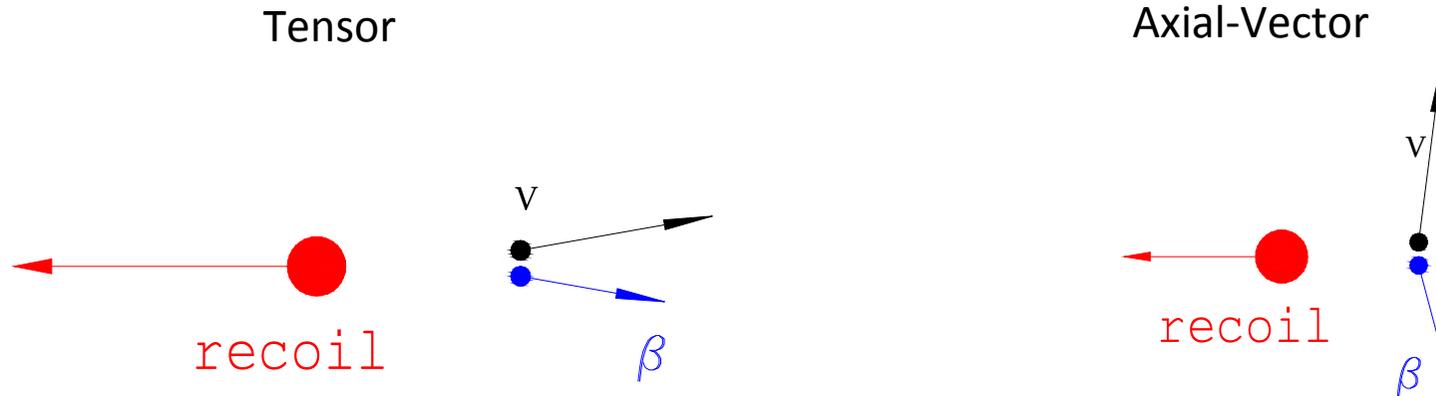
$$a_F \cong 1 - \frac{|C_S|^2 + |C'_S|^2}{C_V^2} \xrightarrow{\text{V-A only}} 1$$

$$a_{GT} \cong -\frac{1}{3} \left[1 - \frac{|C_T|^2 + |C'_T|^2}{C_A^2} \right] \xrightarrow{\text{V-A only}} -\frac{1}{3}$$

Required by Lorentz invariance, Beta interaction operator can only be **Scalar (S), Pseudoscalar (P), Vector (V), AxialVector (A), Tensor (T)**



How to measure?

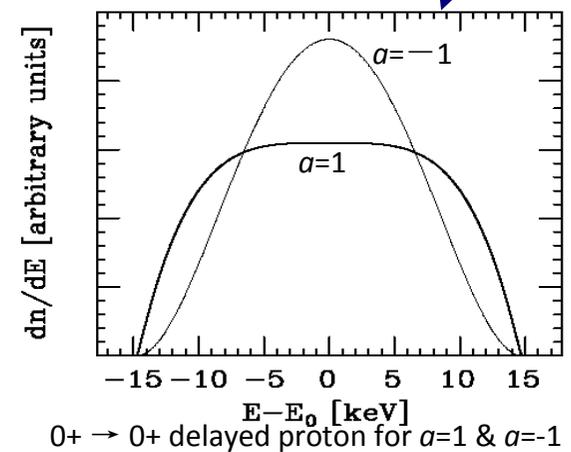
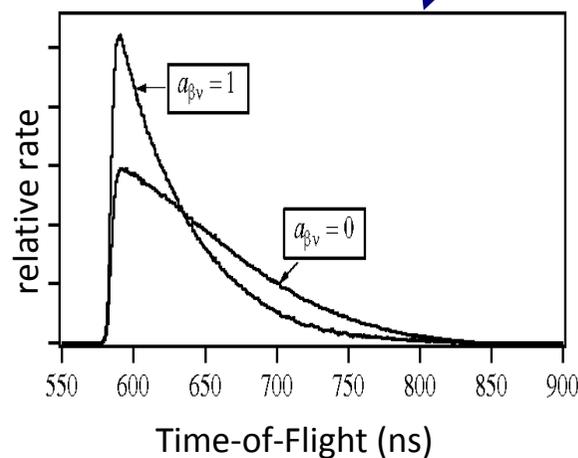
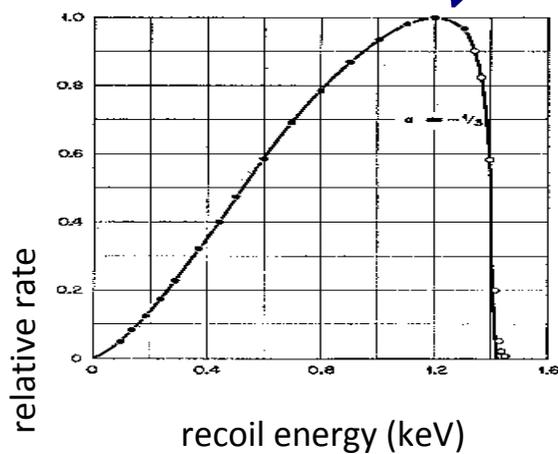


Bypass measuring neutrino, measure recoil
Difficulty: low recoiling energy, ~ 1 keV



How to measure?

Measure decay product energy directly	Measure TOF of recoil nucleus	Measure delayed particle emission
n, ^{19}Ne , ^{23}Ne , ^{35}Ar , ^6He	n, ^6He , ^{38}K ^{21}Na , ^{37}K , ^{19}Ne	$^8\text{Li}(\alpha)$, $^{11}\text{Be}(\gamma)$, $^{14}\text{O}(\gamma)$ $^{18}\text{Ne}(\gamma)$, $^{20}\text{Na}(\alpha)$, $^{32}\text{Ar}(p)$ $^8\text{He}(\gamma)$



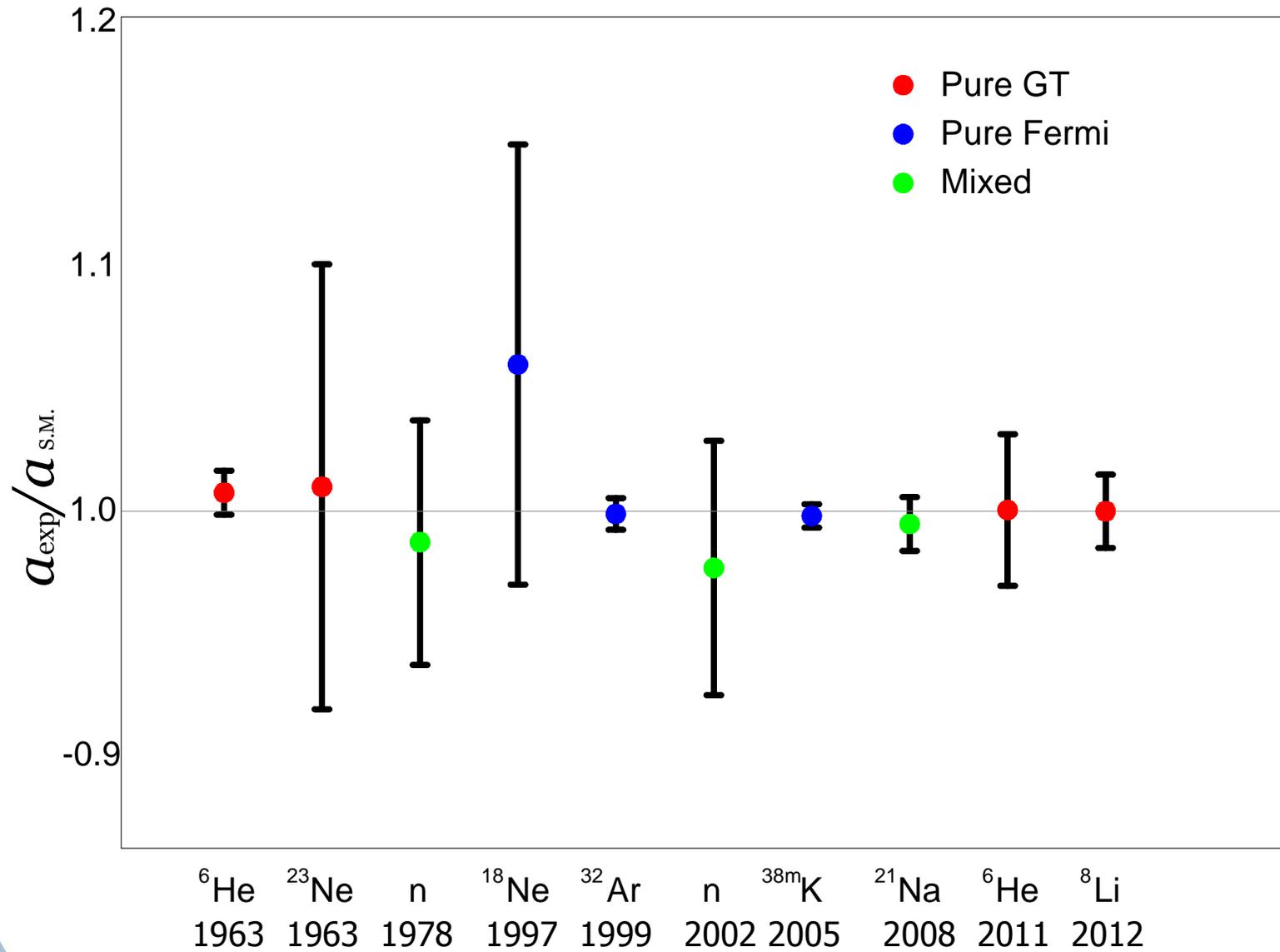
C.H. Johnson *et al.* Phys. Rev. **132**, 1149

N. D. Scielzo *et al.* PRL **93**, 102501, 2004

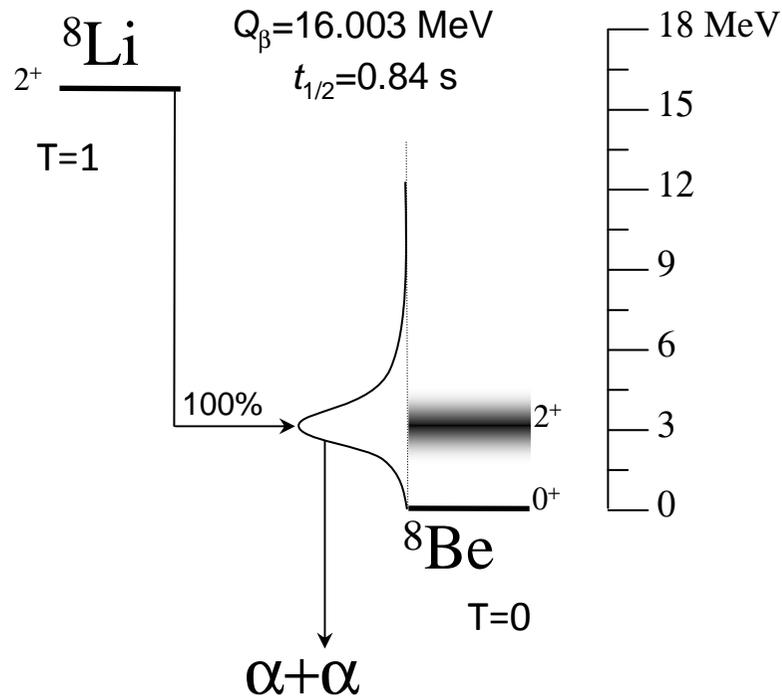
E.G. Adelberger *et al.* PRL **83**, 1299 (1999).



World Status



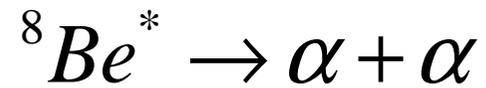
Why ${}^8\text{Li}$ a promising candidate?



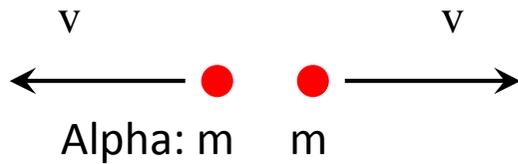
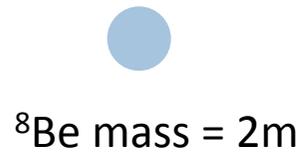
Advantages:

- proper life-time: 0.8 s
- almost pure GT decay
- large Q -value: 16MeV
- small nuclear mass:
→ 10keV recoil
- Break up to two α 's





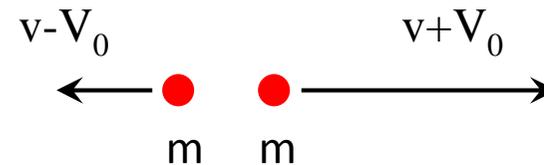
${}^8\text{Be}$ center of mass frame



Lab frame



$$E_{\text{Be}} = mV_0^2$$



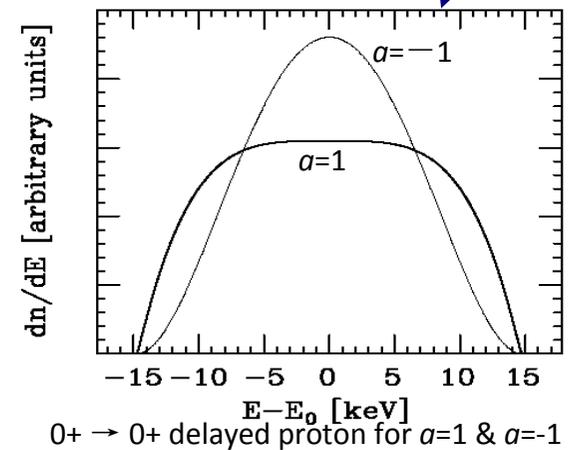
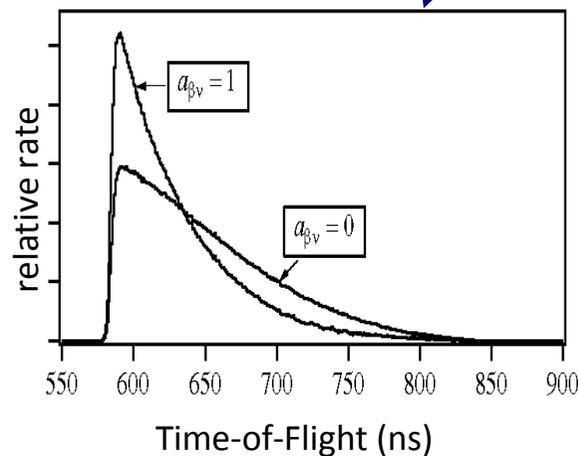
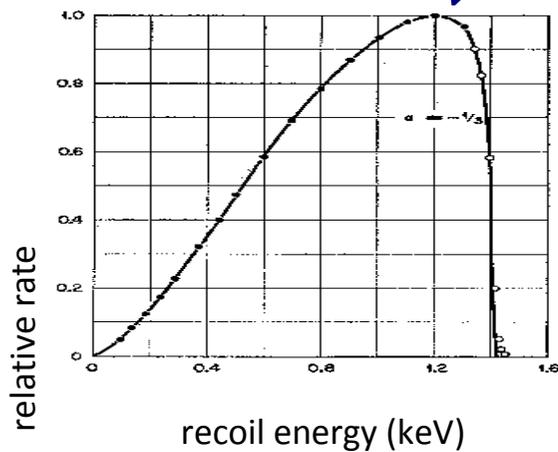
$$E_{\alpha 1} - E_{\alpha 2} = 2mvV_0$$

(Be)10keV \rightarrow (Δ α)400keV



How to measure?

Measure decay product energy directly	Measure TOF of recoil nucleus	Measure delayed particle emission
n, ^{19}Ne , ^{23}Ne , ^{35}Ar , ^6He	n, ^6He , ^{38}Mg ^{21}Na , ^{37}K , ^{19}Ne	$^8\text{Li}(\alpha)$, $^{11}\text{Be}(\gamma)$, $^{14}\text{O}(\gamma)$ $^{18}\text{Ne}(\gamma)$, $^{20}\text{Na}(\alpha)$, $^{32}\text{Ar}(p)$ $^8\text{He}(\gamma)$



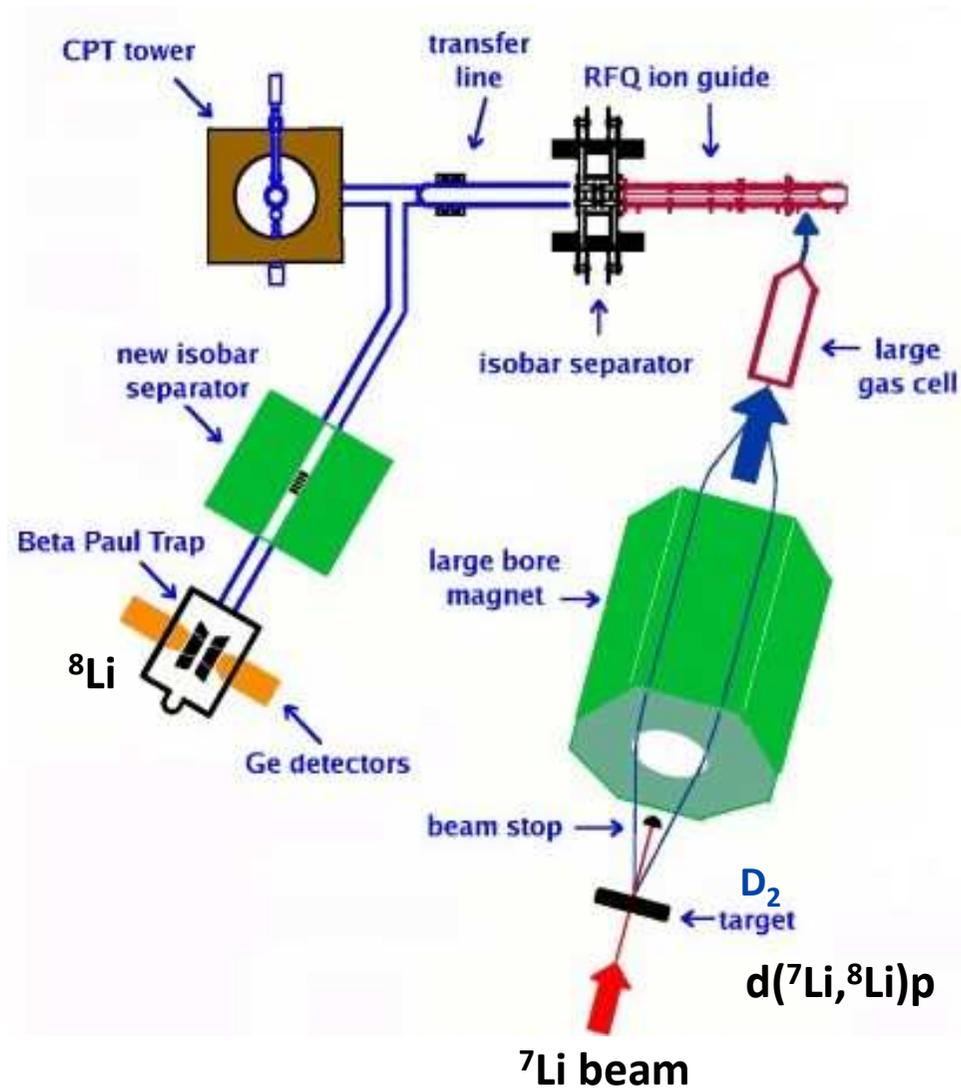
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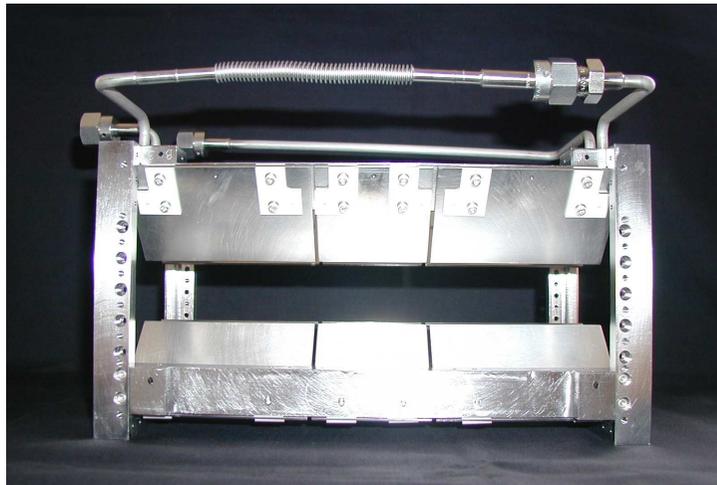


CPT and BPT(Beta decay Paul Trap) system

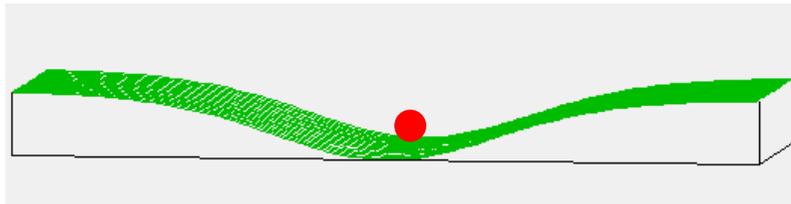


Beta-decay Paul-Trap

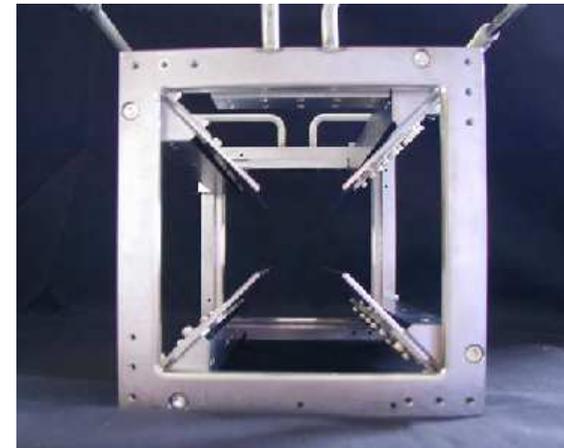
- Axial Direction (DC potential)



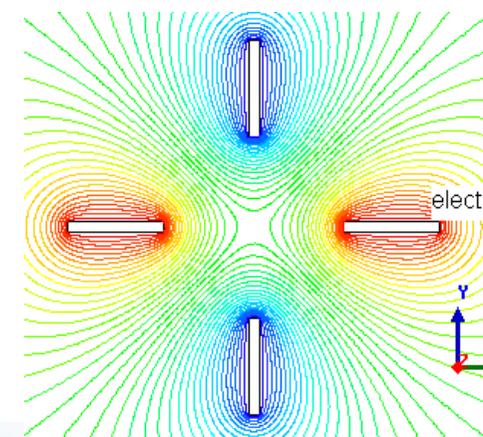
DC (V): 60 -50 60



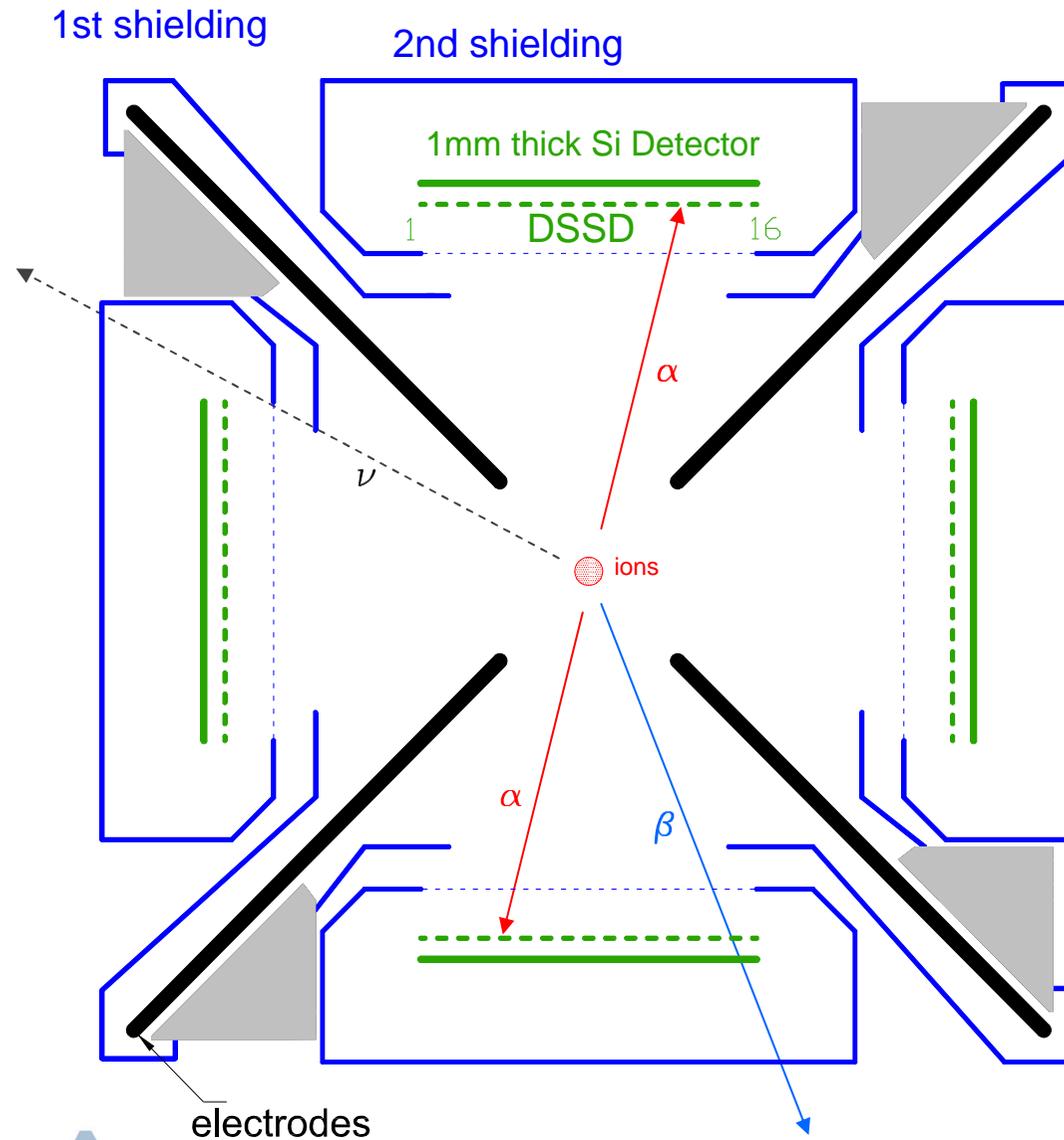
- Radial Direction (PseudoPotential Well)



RF: 850 V_{p-p}, 2 MHz



Detector



Measure full decay kinematics:

Eight degrees of freedom:

$$4 \times 3 - 4 = 8$$

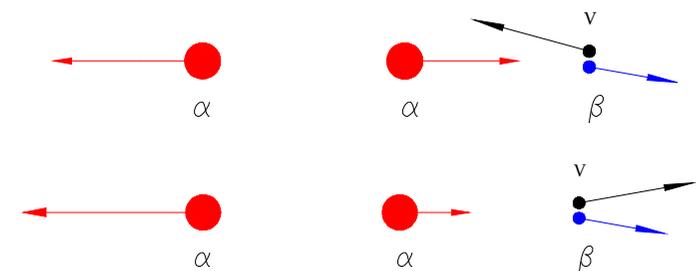
4×3 : momentum $\alpha, \alpha, \beta, \nu$

-4 : E, p conservation

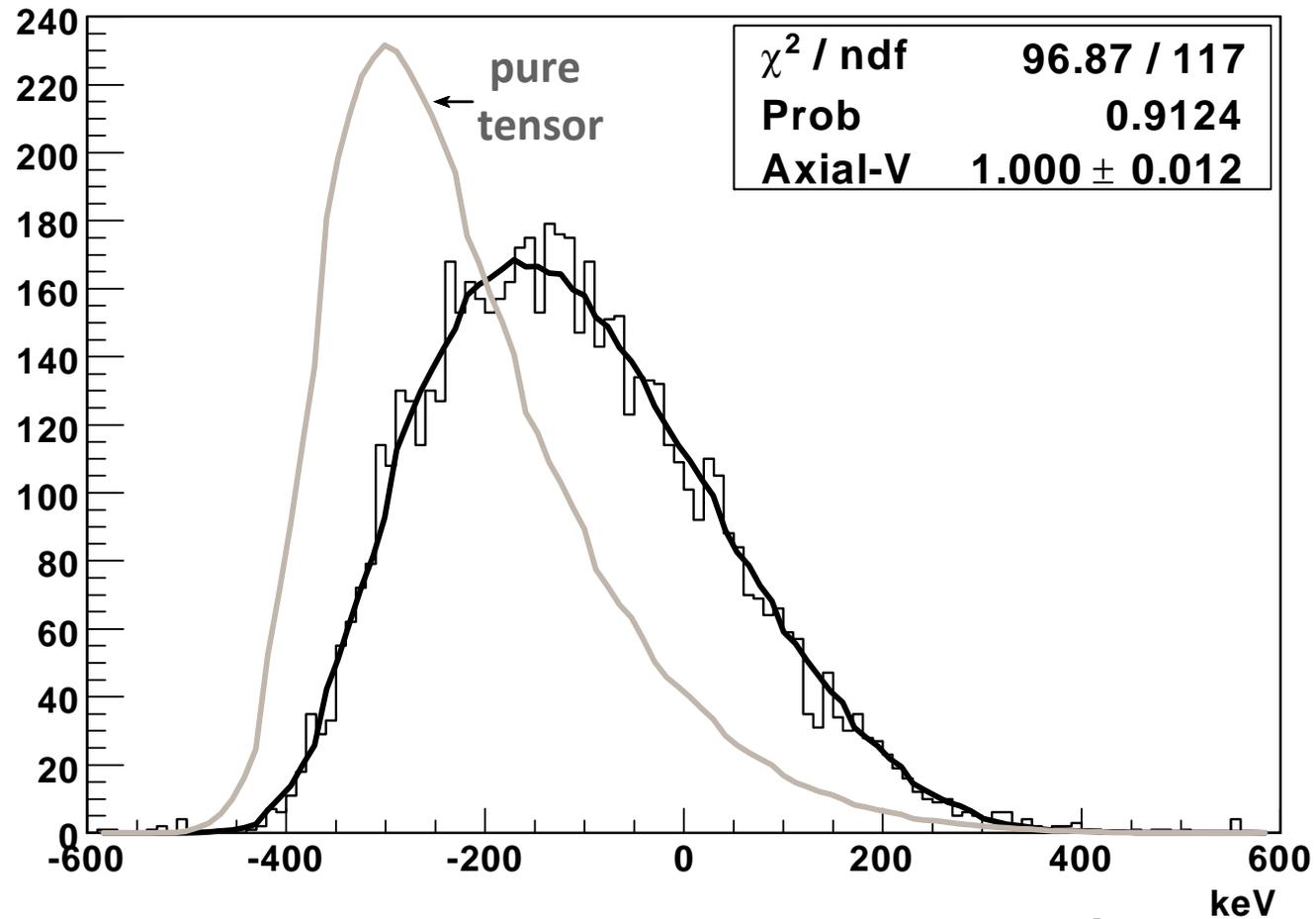
Measure: α, α and direction of β .

Most sensitive observable:

2 α 's Energy difference



First result

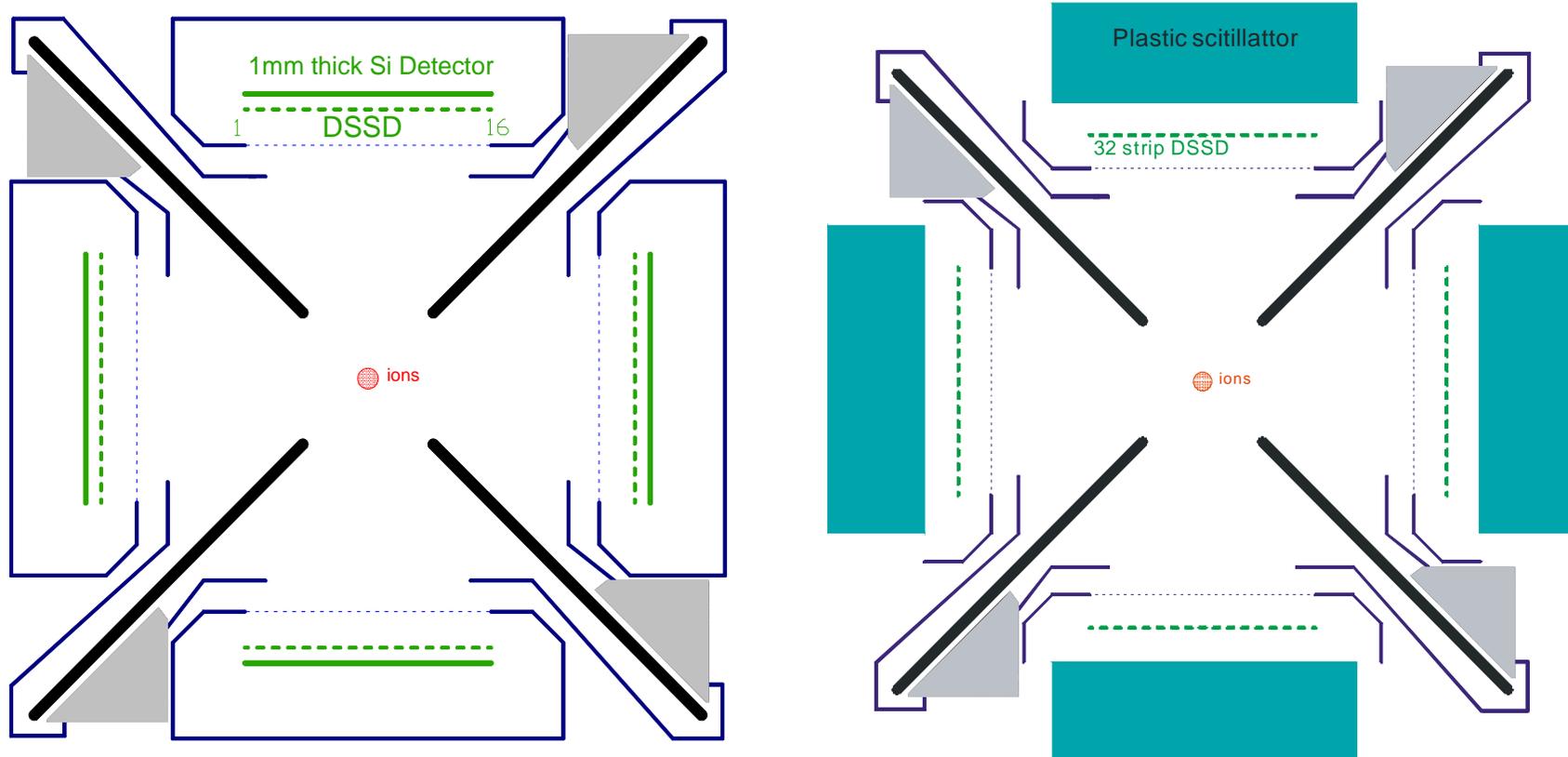


Energy shift of 2 α particles when α is parallel with β .
1% statistical uncertainty and 1% systematic uncertainty
dominated by Energy Calibration.

$$a_{\beta\nu} = -0.3333 \pm (0.0031)_{\text{stat}} \pm (0.0033)_{\text{syst}}$$



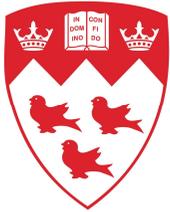
upgrade: Detector



- DSSD upgrade: $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 16 \times 16 \text{ strip} \rightarrow 32 \times 32 \text{ strip: better angular resolution} \\ \text{thickness } 0.3 \text{ mm} \rightarrow 1.0 \text{ mm: record } \beta \text{ direction in DSSD} \\ \text{deadlayer: } 0.6 \mu \text{ m} \rightarrow 0.1 \mu \text{ m: better energy calibration} \end{array} \right.$
- Plastic scintillator detector to record β energy



Collaborator



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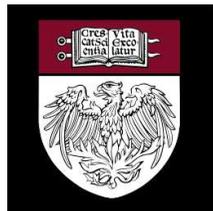
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N.D. Scielzo



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