

LEDA status update

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**for/with/on behalf of L. Greenhill, A. Fialkov, H. Garsden, D. Price
& M. Spinelli**

“Always be the best version of yourself”

Patrizio Paoletti



“Many unexpected learning opportunities”

Boyan Slat

10x120 mile N-S valley
6/8000' terrain shield E & W
LOS to Big Pine (5 mi),
Bishop (15 mi) & airport (KBIH)

Ø334m zone of
avoidance
around ea.
radiometer

Redundancy (5x2)

mtn.
front

251 ant.
core

OVRO



mtn.
front

Riverbeds: complex strata

Simple strata:
Sand. Sand. Sand.
Inyo mtns. erosion.
LEDA bore hole to
1.5m so far at 252

Historical courses: complex...

mtn.
front

Carson & Colorado
grade

© 2015 Google

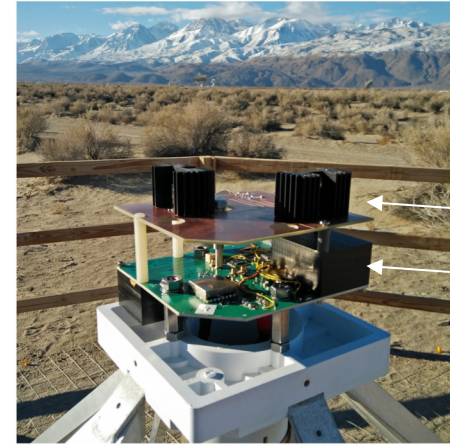
Google earth

LEDA @ OV-LWA (LOL)

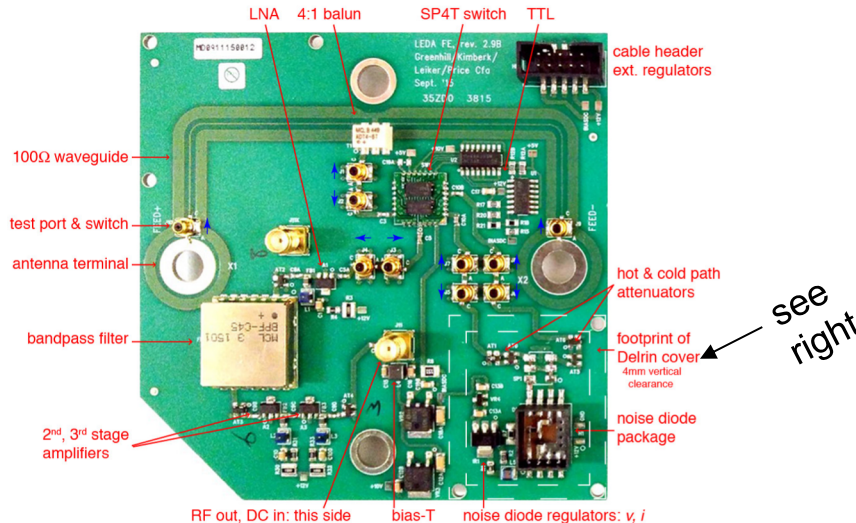
System overview: 2013-2016



Wed to
LWA
mast
antenna
design:
+ /- ves



Short signal
paths from
antenna and
w/in RX
regulators
noise source

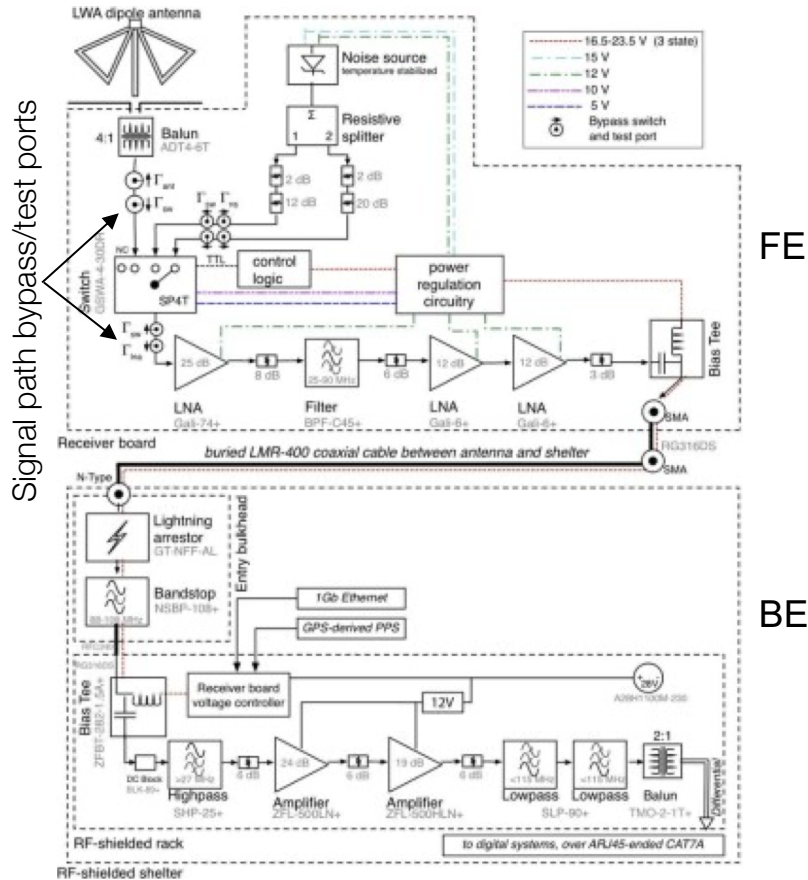


Flash fwd.: h/w improvements 2017+

- noise source stability & match
- signal path reflections
- bandpass filter roll-off & respective S_{11}
- ground screen, soil monitoring
- ...

Price, Greenhill, Fialkov, GB et al. (2018),
GB et al. (2016)

System overview: 2013-2016



- Calibration through a 3-position solid-state switch;
 - $T_{\text{hot}} \sim T_{\text{sky}}(40 \text{ MHz})$
 - $T_{\text{cold}} \sim T_{\text{sky}}(80 \text{ MHz})$
- Correction for reflection coefficients (measured on site);
- Receiver stability characterized in lab (σ^2_{Allan} after switching);
- Joint fit: foreground polynomial + 21cm signal

System upgrades: 2017 + ...

Driver	Time	Activity	
noise source regulation (T, i, v)	Q1CY17	Deploy RX v2.99a	Refine circuitry on RX PCB & heater contact w/ diode; mitigate RF reflections @ diode. Achieve 0.04% C^{-1} output (installed) w/r to T_{ambient} . Allan var. \downarrow 10x.
receiver T_{physical} not completely regulated			Grid of digital thermometers on RX PCB. Implement real-time monitoring.
est. systematics in calib.	Q4CY17- Q2CY18	field-calibration campaigns	Repetitive measurement of all calibration parameters, for all antennas, <i>in situ</i> . Quantify repeatability @ 0.03 dB
bandpass roll-off	Q2CY18		Restore 82-88.0 MHz performance (gain, Γ): new FM bandstop filter chain replaces 2013 scheme.
1% ripple post-cal high noise floor	Q1CY19	Δ ant.-ground interaction	20x20m serrated screen @ ant. 252; flatten area: $\pm\frac{1}{2}$ " .
	Q3-4CY19	RFI excision	Add layer of RFI detection: Fourier filters, unbiased threshold clipping and tests for Gaussian statistics
	Q4CY19	Deploy RX v2.99b	Reduce “noise wave” magnitude > 82 MHz. Boost thermal isolation of solid-state noise switch, etc.

System upgrades: 2017 + ...

Scalloping to 20 m

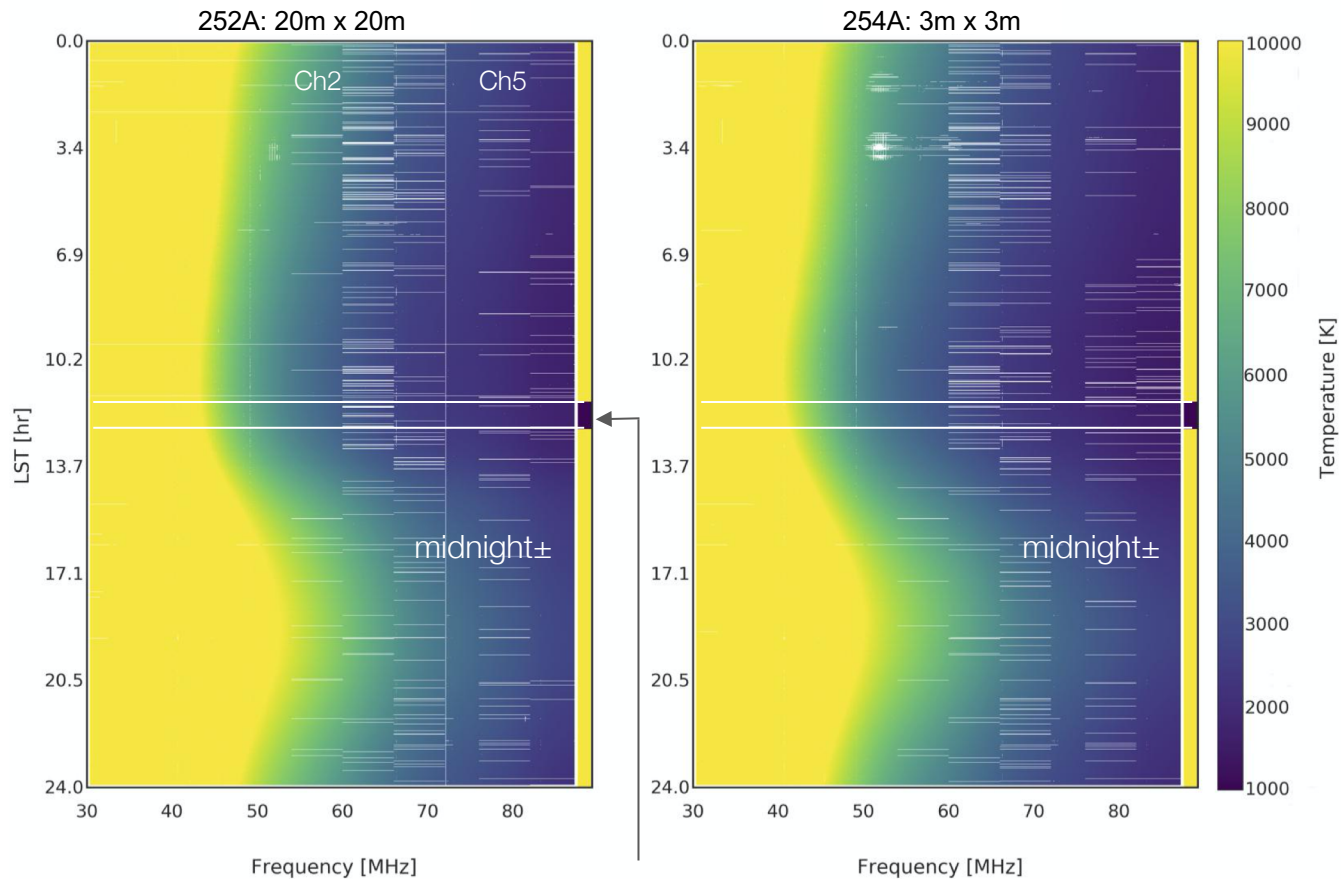
10 m Inner sq.



New ground screen is 200 m² (from 9 m²), stiff and flat up to 0.013 m. It is made of 72 mesh panels, weighing 554 kg and required by-hand swaging along 523 meters of wire. We could not make it larger without substantive disruption of brush in an environmentally sensitive area.

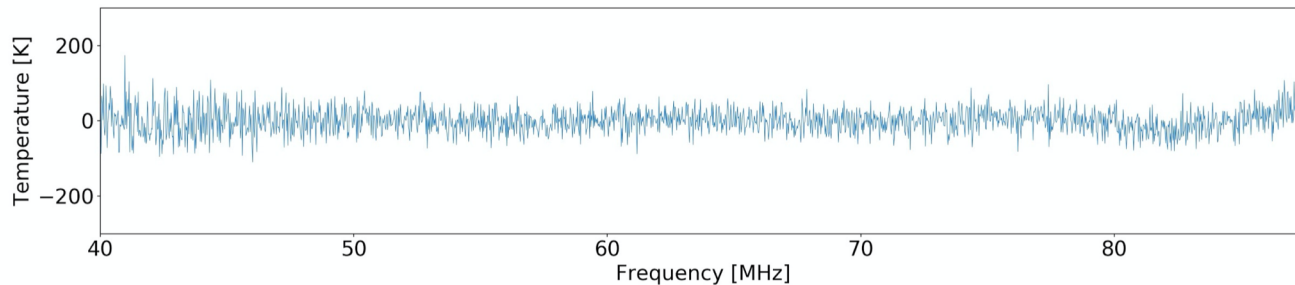
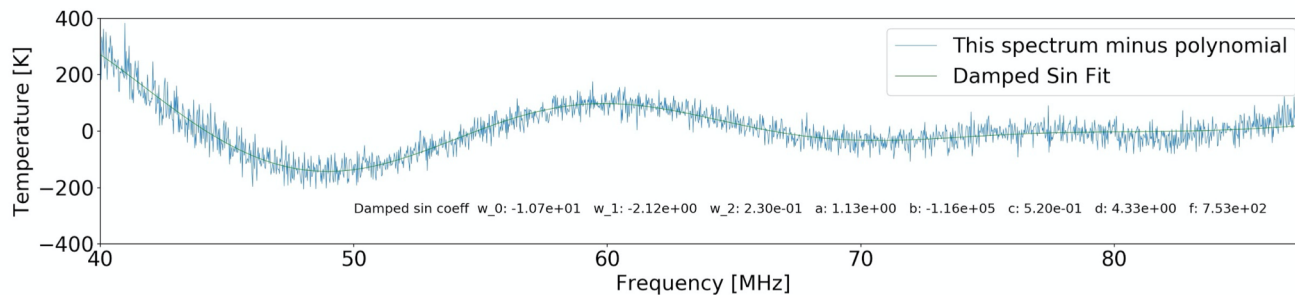
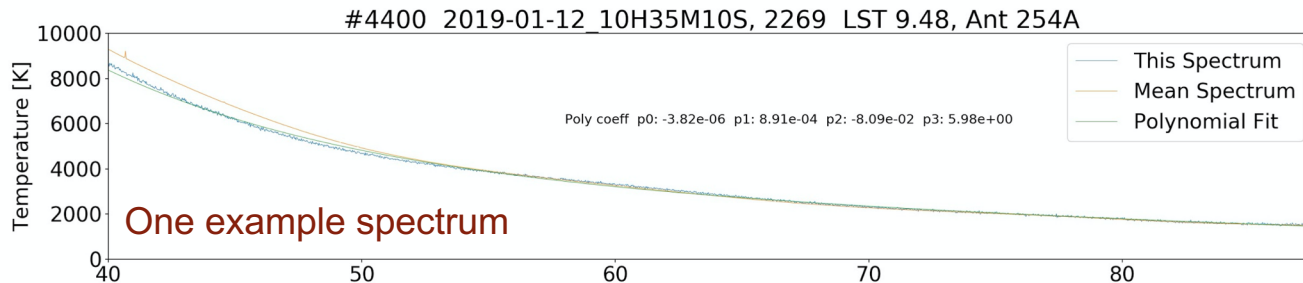
2019 run: RFI

2019-05-16

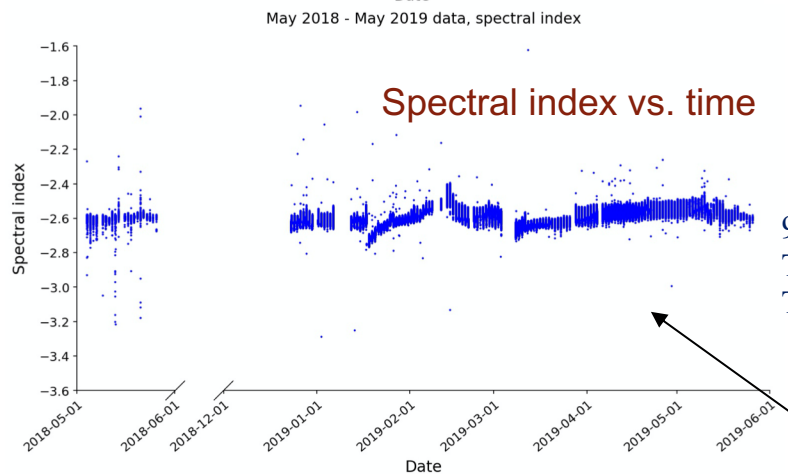
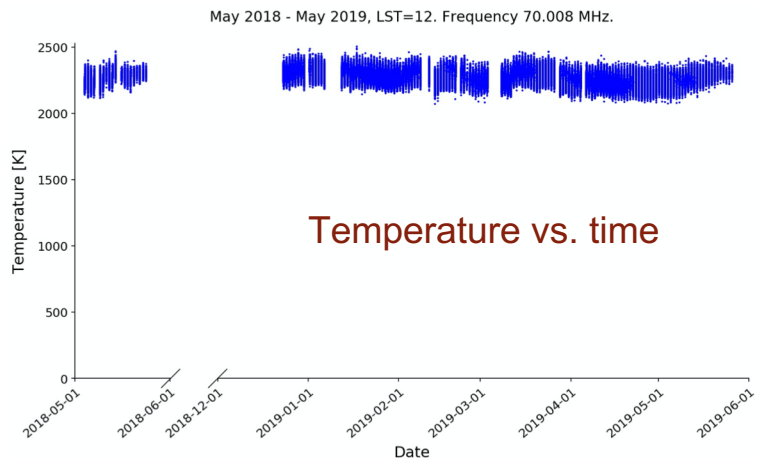


“Night”: sunset + 1^h → GC elv. = 0

2019 run: systematic ripple

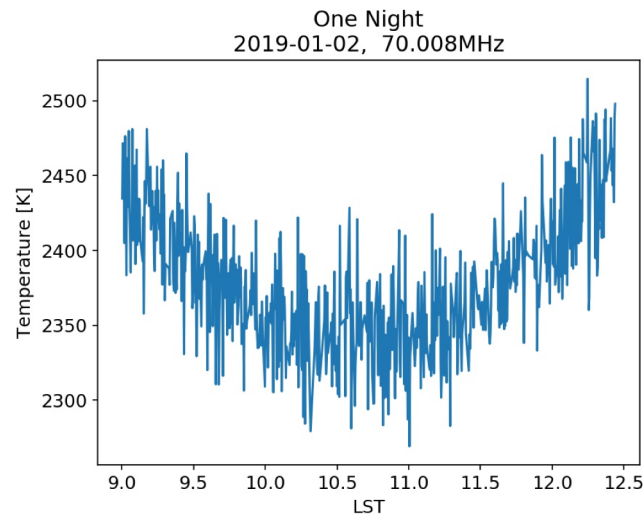


2019 run:stability tests



90428 spectra
 $T_{rx} = 420K$
 $T_{60MHz} = 3200K$

2019: heavy precipitation events penetrate the rain shadow surrounding OVRO. Large ground-loss variations → varying index.



All antenna 254A

2019 run

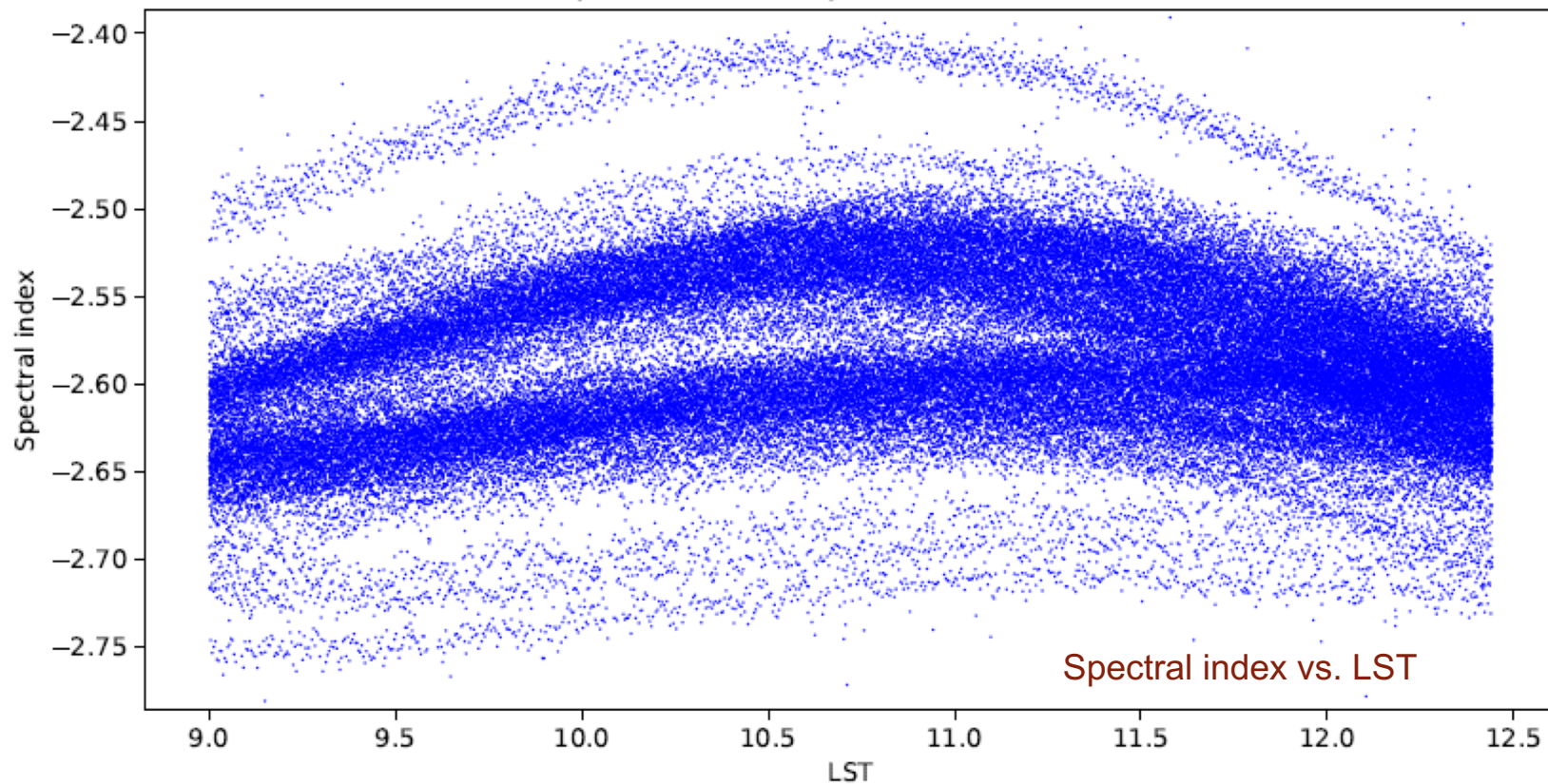
90428 spectra

$T_{\text{rx}} = 420\text{K}$

Reference frequency = 60MHz

$T_{60\text{MHz}} = 3200\text{K}$

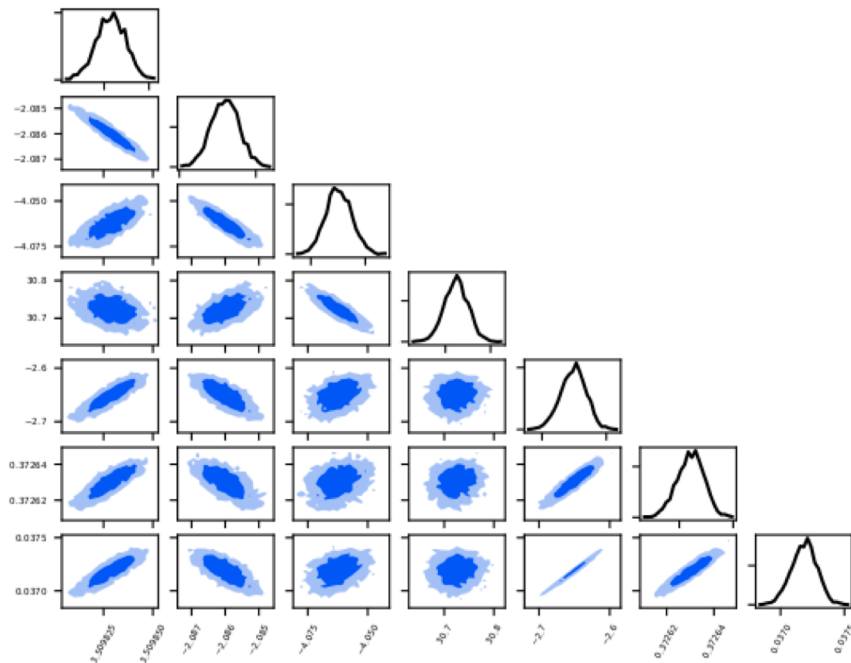
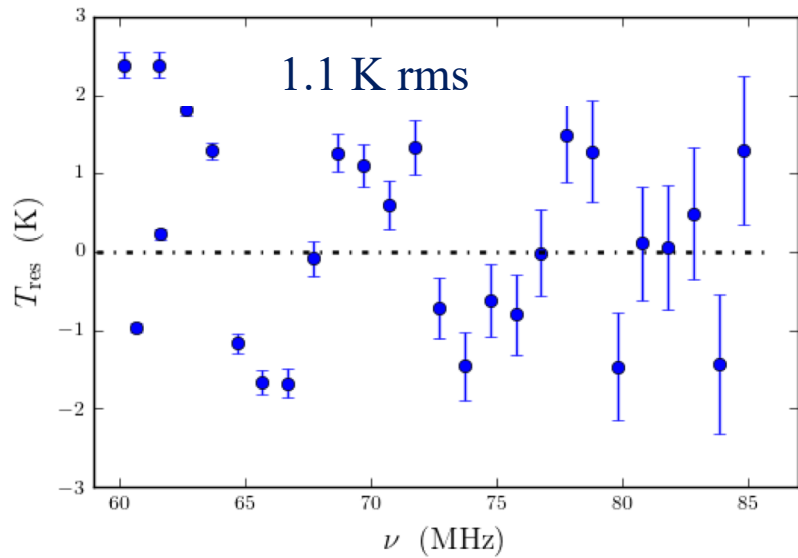
Spectral indices by LST, antenna 254A



The moment of truth...

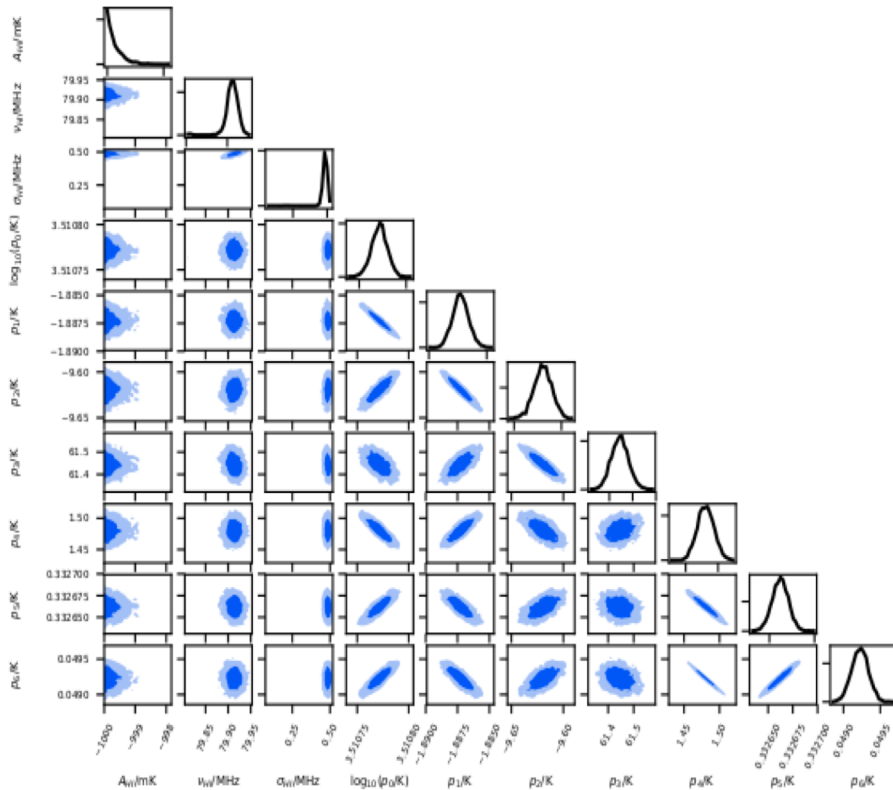
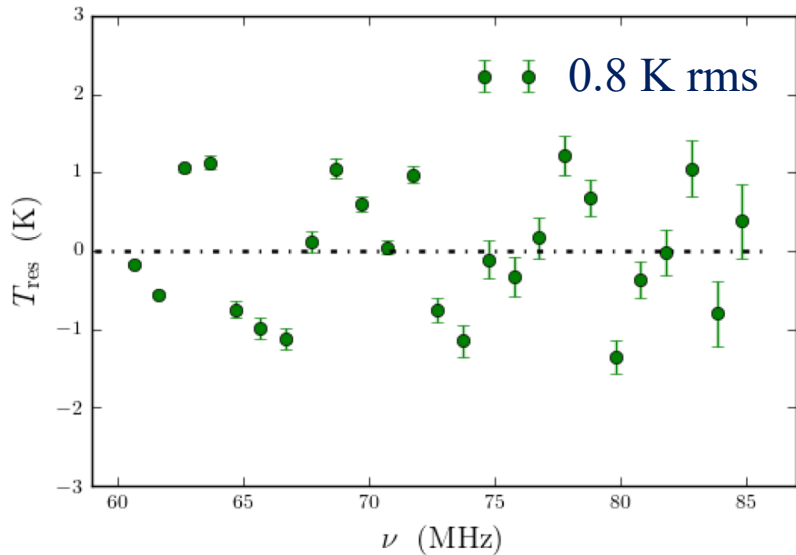
“Brute force” analysis

$$T_f(\nu) = 10^{\sum_{n=0}^2 a_n \log\left(\frac{\nu}{\nu_0}\right)^n} + a_3 \cos(a_4 \nu) e^{a_5 \nu}$$



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Further developments: archeology....

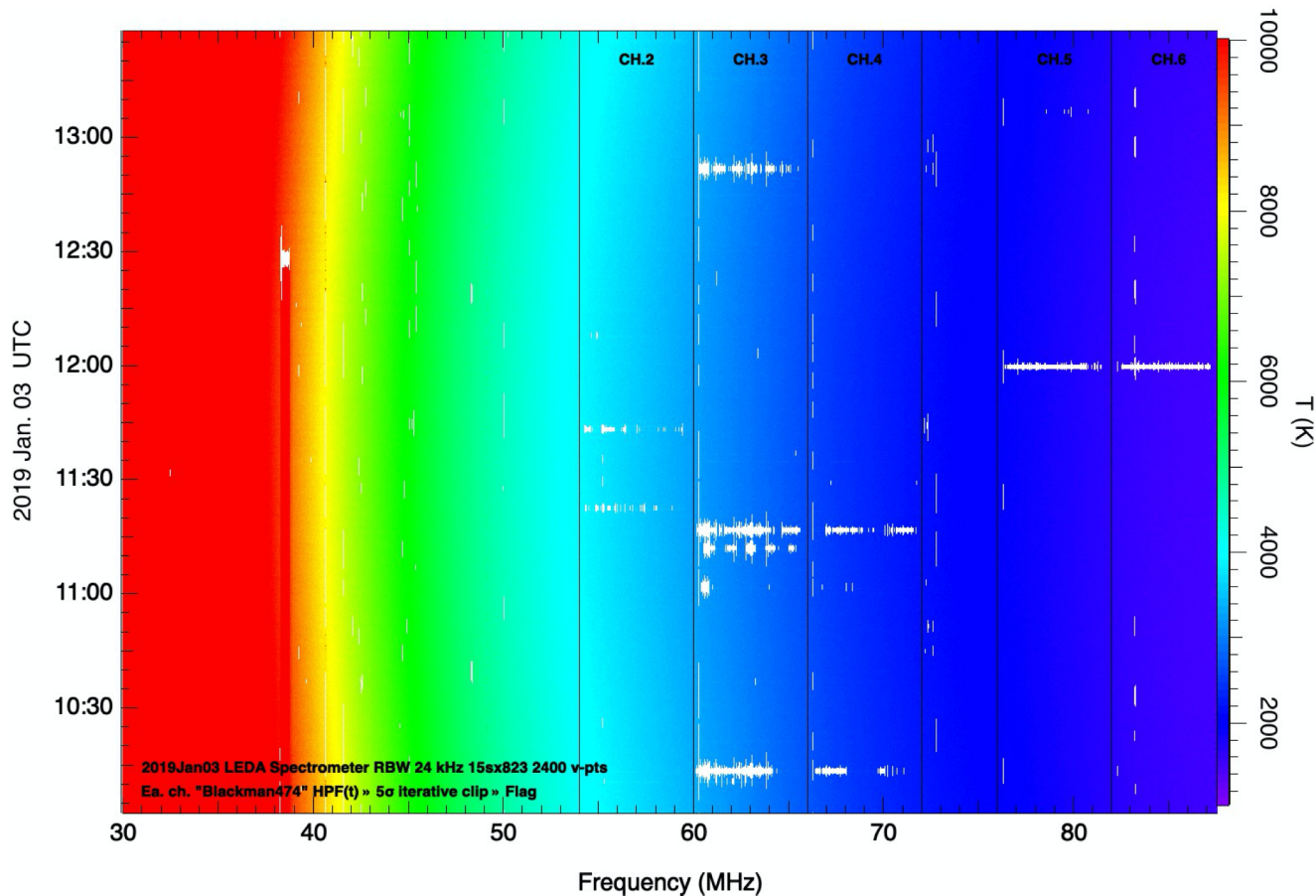


Artisanally dug & filled pit for real-time measurement of soil complex permittivity. Integration into E&M models.

Summer 2019 used to establish a consistent “dry baseline” for strata complex permittivity.

Data from Jan. to May 2019 damaged by highly variable soil moisture content, arriving before monitor was operational.

Further development: further flagging...



- Flagging algo. till now
 - AOFlagr-class
 - $N\sigma$ clipping
 - DTV (flag entirety)
 - pilot ?
 - guard-band dip?
- RFI “leaks” through (DTV)
- Add two tiers
 - Fourier filter time-series for each chan.
 - Nix secular trends
 - Iterative clipping at $N\sigma$
 - Shapiro-Wilk test for “Gaussianity”
 - Clipping weak narrow ban

LEDA Conclusions and future outlook

- 1) Noise floor persists despite notable instrumentation & technique improvements
- 2) Final dataset from OVRO: Q4CY19 (3 mo.)
- 3) Notables coming together:
 - starting line – baked-dry ground strata → repeatability tests
 - coincidence testing of glitches: 3x3 vs. 20x20m; X vs. Y
 - modified screen | RX thermal management | reduced noise-wave > 82 MHz | FEKO model | refined RFI excision | AND HiBayes analysis.
- 4) Activity at quieter US site with fast ramp-up in planning

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